

## CONVENTION ELECTS ELKS' PRESIDENT

Jack O'Connell, of Norfolk, Withdraws in Favor of Charlottesville Man.

## TO ERECT STATE MONUMENT

Trip Down the River and Dance End Best Convention Virginia Elks Have Ever Had.

With a trip down the river in the afternoon and a dance at the home last night, and with other forms of jollification not set down on the program, but which came up on the spur of the moment, the seventh annual state convention of the Virginia Association of Elks ended yesterday, and today the visitors will flow out to their various homes.

Exalted Ruler Eugene Brauer and Joseph Kass, chairman of the entertainment committee, stated last night that they were much pleased with the manner in which the convention had been conducted, and with the evident appreciation of their guests. Mr. Brauer said that the program had been followed without a hitch, and that nothing had occurred to mar the occasion, but that, on the other hand, it had been the best convention in the history of the association.

Mr. Kass was likewise pleased. He has been chairman of entertainment committees at the last three years, and on no occasion in which he has taken part has had such satisfactory results as this convention. He congratulated the corps of assistants assigned to aid in the entertainment of the guests, saying that they had spent much time and money to see that the two days' session would not soon be forgotten. It was said that the delegates had not enjoyed the national convention in Rochester half as much as they enjoyed the Virginia State Association convention.

## Glad About National Home.

The chief satisfaction in this convention lay in the fact that the Virginia Elks lodge had been assured that the Elks' Home, at Bedford City, would not be removed from Virginia, and that \$250,000 had been appropriated to erect new buildings at Bedford City, and that the work of construction was to begin on October 1. So pleased were the delegates that they voted to present a resolution to the national convention at St. Louis, Mo., to the effect that the Elks' Home be removed from Virginia, and that the work of construction was to begin on October 1. So pleased were the delegates that they voted to present a resolution to the national convention at St. Louis, Mo., to the effect that the Elks' Home be removed from Virginia, and that the work of construction was to begin on October 1.

## Conlon Elected President.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected in the second day's business session of yesterday morning, and the state convention unanimously decided on Peterburg as the next city for the convention. Danville and Charlottesville had been suggested, but the tide turned in favor of Peterburg. The officers elected are as follows: T. C. Conlon, Charlottesville, president; W. P. Baugh, Petersburg, first vice-president; Michael J. Neill, Newport News, second vice-president; J. P. Parker, Portsmouth, third vice-president; W. C. Godsey, Petersburg, secretary; J. B. Billee, Norfolk, treasurer; Rev. Edward Leitch, Alexandria, chaplain; and B. F. Rogers, Norfolk, sergeant-at-arms.

After the election of officers, Max P. Lindner, of Richmond, one of the most popular members of the association, was called forward, and a handsome fruit bowl was presented to him on behalf of the state association. A magnificent Elk jewel was presented by Clifford Godsey, of Petersburg, the newly elected secretary.

**Theatre Party in Afternoon.**—As there were so many women to accompany the visiting Elks and no arrangements for their entertainment had previously been made, they were the guests yesterday afternoon of the Richmond lodge at the matinee at the Lyric Theatre. There were about 150 people in the party, which was assembled and registered at the Elks' Home, and they were taken charge of by a committee and taken to the theatre. They enjoyed the performance greatly, and the deepest appreciation of the hospitality of the Richmond Elks.

After the business session, the Richmond Elks and their guests started down the river in the afternoon. In spite of the rain and wind, the trip was hugely enjoyed. The Berkeley had on board about 500 people, and the fun started as soon as the ship swung away from its mooring. Among those aboard were Mayor Ainslie and Justice Crutcher, Elks for term.

## Some Old Badger Fight.

Tom Palmer, of Richmond, whom no excursion down the river would be complete now, enlivened the occasion as usual with his badger fight and his other exciting and laugh-provoking "antics." Many on board were the results of the badger fight, which, of course, the badger won. Justice Crutcher presided at a mock trial, condemning to thirty days in jail a man caught gambling his last cent on the fight. Several delegates were initiated into the secrets of the Order of the Pink Goat, one of the latest secret orders established. It was imported—the order, not the goat—from Europe several years ago by Samuel Roseford.

The dance in the beautifully decorated ballroom of the Elks' Home ended the program. There were 150 couples present, and they danced until early morning before the strains of "Home, Sweet Home" recalled them to the fact that the convention was at an end. All the delegates take the number lodge represented, congratulated their hosts on the entertainment and hospitality which had been shown them, and said that it was a most successful convention they had attended since the association was originated. Most of the delegates will return this morning.

## Special Notice

Depositors in Commonwealth Bank will find something to their interest by calling at 114 North Eighth Street.

The beautiful furniture shown in the window display is attracting the careful attention of men and women who pass the store of

**SYDNOR & HUNDLEY**  
SEVENTH AND GRACE STREETS.

Your physician advises you to drink plenty of water. Broad Rock Water, because of its low total of mineral solids, can be drunk in quantities with no feeling of heaviness or discomfort.

## Broad Rock Water Reaches YOU

### Wonderfully Pure

## LIBERTY OF THAW REALLY MEANS HE GOES TO ASYLUM

(Continued From First Page.)

Inson had held in abeyance his decision on the writ of habeas corpus sworn out by John Bondreau, chief of the Cookcook police. Bondreau, as an interested party, asked that Thaw be foretold from his refuge in the Sherbrooke jail.

This afternoon Justice Hutchinson announced that he had made his decision, and asked that attorneys for both Thaw and Thaw's assembly in his chambers immediately appear by one of the chief figures in the drama appeared.

## Assembly in Court.

Attorneys McKewen, White and Fraser represented Thaw, while Hector Verret, Jacob Nicoll and Samuel W. Gledhill appeared for the state. In addition, there were a score of newspaper men and the immigration officers. E. Blake Robertson, a number of Belmonte's Dominion police. The justice entered the room at 2 o'clock and took his seat beside his desk. There was half an hour of almost complete silence while the coming of Thaw was awaited.

Thaw's attorneys were glum, for they had sensed an adverse decision from the moment the provincial authorities entered the jail. Thaw, in his own belongings and said farewell to the attendants. He also had been prepared for the decision. Nevertheless, when he heard his name called, he rose and was headed with perspiration. He was attired in the same neat gray suit that he had previously worn, and from his lapel hung a red "tag-day" card, signifying he had contributed to St. Vincent's Hospital.

Just after Thaw entered, Justice Gledhill, who had decided in his favor once, and Magistrate Dupuis, of Gloucester, Thaw's sympathizer, Justice Hutchinson, with a single glance at Thaw, began speaking.

## Freed Against Wish.

Justice Hutchinson's hands trembled as he read his decision, which comprised half a dozen typewritten sheets. Whether the said Henry K. Thaw wishes to exercise and enjoy his personal liberty or not, he is entitled to his full liberty, and he is hereby liberated and discharged from his present detention in said jail, and he is hereby restored to the liberty which he enjoyed previous to his arrest and detention," concluded Justice Hutchinson.

At the same time two of Thaw's attorneys, Messrs. McKewen and White, stepped over to his side and threw their arms about his shoulders. Thaw controlled his emotion admirably, and beckoned to a news representative and passed him this note: "It is true that English law allows a secret trial with the public excluded when a man's life or liberty is at stake like in Turkey or Bulgaria."

## In Custody Again.

Before the reporter could reply, Inspector Reynolds, big, bulky and red-faced, moved to Thaw's side and laid his hand on his shoulders. Thaw reached up and shook hands with the immigration man.

"I'm ready whenever you are," he said quietly.

He shook hands with Jailer LaForce and the aged Sheriff Aylmer, and then walked down the corridor, flanked by four Dominion policemen and three immigration officers. Two touring cars were waiting at the side entrance of the courthouse in Stratford, and Thaw, with a single glance at E. Blake Robertson and three Dominion policemen. In the second car came other policemen and immigration inspectors. It was evident that no attempt to rescue the prisoner.

## Back to Cookcook.

The dash to Cookcook was accomplished under lowering clouds, that now and then spattered rain down upon the narrow road.

The journey to Cookcook occupied one hour and twenty-eight minutes. Thaw was immediately taken to the immigration detention room, on the second floor of the Grand Trunk Railroad Station building. This is a room about fifteen feet by ten feet, plainly furnished, but comfortable.

After Thaw had been placed in the detention room, the immigration men motored to the Cookcook House, where Mr. Justice Deputy Attorney-General Kennedy, of New York, and Dr. Kleb awaited them. There ensued a conference, at which deportation arrangements were discussed.

## Jerome Is Thwarted.

Jerome had hoped to have the board of inquiry sit to-night and get Thaw out of his hole. But his plans failed before morning, but his plan for a midnight dash into Vermont and thence to New York State was thwarted by Thaw's counsel, who secured an adjournment until morning.

W. L. Shurtliff, chief counsel for Thaw, said: "Thaw cannot be deported under seventy-two hours, and I am growing more firmly of the opinion that he will never go back to Mattawan."

## GERMANY MAY RECONSIDER REFUSAL TO PARTICIPATE

Berlin, September 4.—The question of Germany's representation at the Panama-Pacific Exposition will be reopened, according to the Tagliche Rundschau. This is due to the exertions of the German ambassador to the United States, Count von Bernstorff, and Frederick J. V. Skiff, director-in-chief of the exposition.

The German government, the paper adds, has decided to give the matter further consideration, but probably no decision will be reached until near the end of the year, after the American tariff bill has passed.

The League of Industrialists will hold a general meeting at the beginning of September 10-11, when the question of a German exhibit will be discussed.

**German Aviator Dies of Injuries.**—Strasbourg, Germany, September 3.—A noncommissioned officer named Kahl, died today as the result of injuries received in an aeroplane accident. He was making a trial flight when his machine fell from a height of 100 feet. The fuel tank burst and he was fatally burned.

## REPORT CURRENCY BILL INTO HOUSE ON NEXT MONDAY

(Continued From First Page.)

representative Wingo, of Arkansas (Democrat), declaring the views of the American Bankers' Association were fully known and that the amendments proposed by the recent bankers' conference at Chicago had been "repeatedly suggested to the proponents of the bill, and every one of them."

Dr. J. Y. Joyner, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, went to Wake County today to locate two proposed reform schools. Three sites are offered—At Cary, Wendell and Wake. Two of these will be chosen, and the competition is very marked.

There is every indication that the quarters for the Supreme Court and the court library, on the third and fourth floors of the new State building, will be ready for occupancy by September 25. The experts arrived today to place in position the steel filing cases and the steel bookcases for the library. The cases have not yet arrived, being delayed somewhere by congested freight conditions. Members of the court say they will move just as soon as this steel case equipment is in place.

## Banker Approves Bill.

The Senate hearings will continue this afternoon with members of the bankers' committee as witnesses. It is expected that Republican members of the committee will defer all currency legislation until December's session of the Senate committee was interrupted by a banker not a member of the Chicago conference committee, who opposed the suggestions made by the bankers' committee. This witness, President Johnston, of the National Reserve Bank of Kansas City, said the central bank idea advocated by many bankers tended to "centralization of power." He favored the administration plan also "decentralization of power."

Festus J. Wade, president of the Mercantile Trust Company of St. Louis, chief representative of the bankers' conference committee, declared the national banks of the country ought not to be compelled to surrender one-tenth of their capital and one-half of their reserves.

## Calls It "Force Bill."

Mr. Wade charged that the administration bill was a "force bill" which would accomplish far less in bringing about a satisfactory reorganization of the banking system than would a plan that would give the banks more freedom.

He said the plan would give the banks far more advantages that they would not enjoy under State bank charters; that many of them would retire from the State bank field. The witness declared the banks did not care to own the stock of the regional reserve banks, and would be willing that it should go into the hands of private subscribers.

The refusal of but 10 per cent of the national banks in the different sections of the country to join the proposed system, would make it impossible to secure the necessary \$5,000,000 capital for regional reserve banks in the Middle States and in the Pacific Coast States, said Mr. Wade.

## Would Recommend Board.

Mr. Wade endorsed a suggestion made by Senator Weeks, Republican, for the selection of a list of fifty or more men by the banks, from which list the President would appoint the four members he selects to serve on the Federal Reserve Board.

"What we want is banking experience, credit experience and financial wisdom on both sides," he said. "We believe the notes which are issued by the Federal reserve board to the banks, and by them to the public, and that all the Federal reserve banks are responsible for the whole issue of notes." The witness of New Orleans, one of the spokesmen for the recent bankers' conference at Chicago.

Senator Reed, Democrat, declared he was "winded to the hilt" by the currency plan, and throughout the hearing witnesses were questioned with freedom, indicating that the committee would take up the administration plan with open mind.

Senator Reed asked if the banks were not responsible for the suspension of the payments in the panic of 1907.

Mr. Wexler replied the banks withdrew their deposits from New York, and to that extent contributed to the stringency.

Suggestions that the stock of the proposed regional reserve banks be sold to the public were disapproved by the bankers.

By a vote of 10 to 3, the House Banking Committee today declined to invite representatives of the American Bankers' Association or Secretary Aldoe to discuss the currency bill. The majority voted that it would be inexpedient to delay the legislation.

## TAFT WILL HEAD BAR ASSOCIATION

His Name Only One Presented at the Meeting at Montreal.

Montreal, Quebec, September 3.—The most memorable convention of the American Bar Association ever held was held to an end to-night with the election of William Taft as president. The addresses to-day concerned the simplification of legal procedure, processes for hastening litigation and election of standards for admission to the bar. The speakers were New President Taft, Judge Hook, of Kansas, and the Hon. N. C. Burke, of Maryland.

To-night the annual banquet was held, and to-morrow the delegates will "shoot the rapids."

The name of Professor Taft was the only one submitted for the presidency. Other officers elected were: Secretary, George Whitlock, of Baltimore; treasurer, Frederick E. Wadhams, Albany.

Executive Committee—Hollis R. Bailey, Boston; Addis B. Brown, Washington; William H. Burgess, El Paso; John H. Voorhees, Sioux Falls, and William H. Stokoe, Philadelphia.

On adjournment to-day the members went into joint session with the American Institute of Law and Criminology, which convened for its fifth annual session to end to-morrow night.

## GOVERNOR'S SON ALL IN HOSPITAL

George Craig Undergoes Operation for Appendicitis—His Condition Satisfactory.

## NEW FARM LIFE SCHOOLS GOES ON STAND TO-DAY

Sites for Three Institutions Will Be Chosen by Superintendent Joyner.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Raleigh, N. C., September 3.—George Craig, son of Governor Craig, underwent an operation this morning at Rex Hospital for appendicitis. The young man's condition is very satisfactory.

At the request of the Johnston County authorities, Governor Craig issued a resolution today on the Governor of North Carolina for John A. Johnson and Archie Cammatta, who are being held in the Palmetto State on the charge of breaking into the residence of W. F. Smith and stealing a small sum of money.

Dr. J. Y. Joyner, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, went to Wake County today to locate two proposed reform schools. Three sites are offered—At Cary, Wendell and Wake. Two of these will be chosen, and the competition is very marked.

There is every indication that the quarters for the Supreme Court and the court library, on the third and fourth floors of the new State building, will be ready for occupancy by September 25. The experts arrived today to place in position the steel filing cases and the steel bookcases for the library. The cases have not yet arrived, being delayed somewhere by congested freight conditions. Members of the court say they will move just as soon as this steel case equipment is in place.

## Great Warehouse Burns.

Manchester, England, September 2.—A great bonded warehouse belonging to the Manchester Ship Canal Company, situated on the banks of the River Irwell, was destroyed by fire to-night. The damage is estimated at £1,000,000. The warehouse contained all kinds of inflammable stores, largely bales of cotton.

## North Carolinians Named.

Washington, September 3.—Leon Carlton, of Marion, N. C., was today appointed an assistant attorney in the Post-Office Department here.

## DANIELS IS ASKED FOR EXPLANATION

Committee Wants to Know Why Personal Friends Are Given Appointments.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, September 3.—Secretary Daniels was summoned before the Senate Naval Committee to explain why he had disapproved the recommendations of an examining board upon certain candidates for appointment as second lieutenants in the Marine Corps, rejected four men who passed and designated personal friends in their places.

The committee also was interested in ascertaining whether the service would be improved by the secretary's selections, in view of the fact that three of the men he appointed were "bilgies."

Men who have been dropped from their classes at the Naval Academy at Annapolis because they failed to pass their examinations, and who are now completing their course are known as "bilgies."

The four young men who were denied admission to the Marine Corps by the examining board were: A. H. Johnston, of Buffalo, N. Y.; L. H. Miller, of Lexington; Samuel L. Howard, of Washington; and Elbert Talbot, of Bethlehem, Pa. Those whom Secretary Daniels substituted were L. M. Bourne and A. H. Tourangeau, of North Carolina, and Louis E. Fagin, of Philadelphia.

Examining boards for the navy and Marine Corps count "aptitude and probable efficiency" in their examinations at 25 per cent of the total 100 per cent of the examinations. This phrase includes those qualifications of a soldier that cannot be determined by a written examination.

Secretary Daniels said that there were nothing but sentimental reasons for the appointments, and probable "efficiency" rating, and he did not believe in it. It was purely a matter of conjecture, and had, he said, no place in an examination. What he had done, he said, was for the best interests of the service. The whole question will be considered at the next meeting of the committee.

## HOOPING COUGH OR CROUP

The Celebrated Efficacious Remedy  
Roche's Herbal Embrocation  
will also be found very efficacious in cases of  
BRONCHITIS, LUNGO AND RHEUMATISM  
W. Edwards & Son, London, England  
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To Those Having \$100 or More Saved

5 1/2% Guaranteed

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## CAMINETTI HAS VERY SLIM CHANCE

Faint Hope of Being Saved Disgrace of "White Slave" Brand.

## GOES ON STAND TO-DAY

His Intention Is to Put Blame of Escape on Maury I. Diggs.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] San Francisco, September 3.—To-morrow F. Drew Caminetti is to take the stand in the last desperate effort to keep his name from the stain of "white slave" and his feet from the floor of an aching cell. His chance seems on making Maury I. Diggs the "goat."

The young man has a thin and meagre case at best, but even this he is forced to strain through a close woven mesh of technical objections.

Miss Lola Norris made a brief reappearance today, was quizzed over statements she had made at Reno just after the officers descended on the bungalow. These statements had been taken down in official shorthand in the presence of the Sacramento officers.

They made up part of the secret transcript that Juror Bliss in the Diggs case thought should in fairness be disclosed to the defense.

In her Reno statement Lola had said she and Miss Warrington had occupied the same berth on the train and the same room at the Riverside Hotel and at the Hotel Hamilton. She was then endeavoring to shield her good name and endeavoring to aid Caminetti. There manifestly had been an agreement all along to make the best possible story of the elopement.

## Agreed to "Fib."

But the only way the defense was able to get at this secret interview, was through the prosecution putting the official shorthand reporter on the stand, and bringing out part of the agreed "fibbing."

There was another woman on the stand in addition to Miss Norris. This was Mrs. Drew Caminetti, the injured wife. She flushed a bit when asked if she had told her husband that she was going into court against the young woman who was trying to steal his name.

"I told him I'd shoot any young woman I caught running around with him," she said snappily.

The day opened with a volley from Caminetti. He was putting the stand official reporter W. E. Doane, of the Sacramento Superior Court, and through him opened the secret archives—the statements and supposed confessions made when the officers were putting the "truant" through at least the "second degree." The revelations of Doane came as a surprise to the defense.

Deputy District Attorney Atkinson to Caminetti: Did you tell her before she went to Reno that you would marry her?"

Caminetti: "I believe I did. If I did not, it was not my fault. I made the promise in good faith. I intended to leave my wife and get married and marry her."

Atkinson to Miss Norris: "It was on the strength of that promise to marry you that the President was deceived and lived at Reno?"

Miss Norris: "Yes, he wouldn't expect me to go away from home unless he intended to marry me."

"Did you really think Mr. Caminetti would marry you?"

"Yes, I knew he would."

"Did you think he would marry you now if he knew the facts?"

Then Marshall Woodworth started to state the case for the defense, and the witness would show that Caminetti had not transgressed the act called by Congress the "white slave" traffic act, because he had not been guilty of white slavery or any act of commercialized vice.

For every fact, you must not criticize the law," promptly interrupted Judge Van Fleet.

Woodworth declared that Caminetti had nothing to do with getting Marsha Warrington to go with Diggs. When he ran away from Reno, he took the two married men and the two girls going towards a scandal; how Caminetti had threatened to tell Diggs' father and how his wife had told him she had reported him to Judge Hughes and the juvenile court.

Woodworth closed by pleading with the jury to give his client the benefit of a reasonable doubt.

**Huerta Ineligible.**—The administration, moreover, though hoping for a positive assurance that Huerta will not be a candidate in the approaching elections, is inclined to accept on its face value the assertions of Frederico Gamboa, Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs, in his two notes to Mr. Lind, that Huerta is ineligible for re-election, as meaning his elimination from the presidential race. Washington officials think an amicable understanding on this point undoubtedly will be reached.

With these fundamentals settled, it is understood that further negotiations by Messrs. O'Shaughnessy and Lind would lead to the establishment of an effective armistice and the holding of a fair and free election.

**Huerta to Run.**—Mexico City, September 3.—That General Huerta intends to quit the presidency and become a candidate at the October elections is the statement made to-night by a well-known Mexican close to the administration.

General Trevino is making his way to the capital, and little effort has been made to disguise the fact that he has been officially summoned. Just how the contemplated succession is to be brought about has not been disclosed.

There are persistent rumors of impending changes in the Cabinet, and it is said that General Trevino is to be made Minister of Foreign Relations. In order legally to succeed to the presidency, he was reported to be at Tampico last night, and is expected to reach Mexico City to-morrow.

As American exports appear to be practically at an end, only a small percentage of the American residents of the capital left. Consul General Shanklin has been advised that the Mexican Government (Tampico) will leave Vera Cruz Sunday for New Orleans, carrying a number of Americans in the first and second cabins. Consul Canada, at Vera Cruz, has been authorized to pay \$25 in gold in behalf of each passenger, the first-class pas-



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sage being \$50 and second-class, \$30. **Lind in Vera Cruz.**—Vera Cruz, September 3.—John Lind, President Wilson's envoy in Mexico, and Rear-Admiral Fletcher, commander of the American fleet in Mexican waters, returned to-night from their two days' trip to Terra Blanca, the big sugar plantation of R. M. O'Shaughnessy, a personal friend of Mr. Lind, about sixty miles from this city. No unfavorable demonstration was witnessed on the trip.

Sixty more Americans have arrived here.

**Not So Optimistic.**—Administration officials revealed to-night that the optimism they have felt in the last few days over the Mexican situation has been based largely upon what they have learned of the intentions of the Mexican Constitution to become a candidate to succeed himself.

By some diplomats the view is held that the constitutional prohibition against Huerta's candidacy would easily be evaded by his resignation in favor of another Provisional President some time before the election.

**Huerta Forced to Run.**—Administration officials, who realize that such a contingency is possible, believe, nevertheless, that Gamboa was acting in good faith in his declaration that he would not be a candidate for the presidency.

Outside of administration quarters, however, much significance is attached to the fact that Huerta is ineligible for re-election, because he had successfully defeated the United States in the Lind negotiations.

High officials of the administration stated most emphatically that they felt quite satisfied of Huerta's elimination from the presidential race.

Unofficial reports continue to reach Washington that the Huerta government cannot last much longer on account of financial difficulties.

**Inds Brings Information.**—The arrival to-day from Mexico City of Dr. William Bayard Hale, personal friend of President Wilson, who has been making a study of the political situation in Mexico for the last three months, is calculated to add materially to the President's information.

Mr. Hale said to-day he went to Mexico under the impression that Huerta would be a candidate, because he had successfully defeated the United States in the Lind negotiations.

Mr. Hale denied that he carried any documents from Mr. Lind, but it is understood that from his recent conversations with the President, he was fully informed of the negotiations which have been conducted with Senator Gamboa, he will be able to give the administration a more comprehensive view of the situation than has been possible through cable messages.

Meanwhile, Mr. Lind will remain in Vera Cruz pending orders from Washington. At the White House it was stated that messages have been exchanged within the last twenty-four hours with both Mr. Lind and Charge O'Shaughnessy at Mexico City, which indicate that the President is taking a view for the ultimate success of the negotiations.

**Foreign Powers Show Interest.**—Of the very important news that European nations are suggesting to this government a recognition of Huerta, in order to secure the loans made and to be made to him by foreign bankers, the White House and the State Department profess that they know nothing.

Other officials, however, in the absence of Secretary Bryan, who left today on a lecture tour to Easton, Md., admit that the suggestion is of the highest significance, because at the present time the President is in the attitude of the powers as understood by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan, which was that foreign nations represented in Mexico City were "in sympathy" with the policy of President Wilson as declared in his message.

It is admitted